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BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier.

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No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

A. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.

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LEAD TAPE, 5-8 in width, on reels for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD RIBBON, from 3/4 to 8 inches wide, on reels for builders.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness.

Lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.

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Weekly.

H. & R. ATWOOD,

Wholesale Dealers and Planters in

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND VIRGINIA

OYSTERS,

19 Commercial Street, Boston.

We are selling very PROVIDENCE RIVERS delicious every bushel daily, at $4.00 per gallon, and $2.00 per quart. Special rates, PROVIDENCE RIVER NATIVES AND PLANTS

In the shell by the bushel or barrel.

sep29 eodfm

Chorus, Anthem and Glee Books.

Musical Societies can filter with us

The Gem Gleaner. By J. M. CHADWICK, is especially for Choirs, having rather more than one tune to the hymn of the year. Just published. Music by Dr. Munger, J. M. Chadwick, Clarke, Mozart, Beethoven, composers. A good book for the price. Sent on receipt of $1, or $9 per doz.

Emerson's Chorus Book. By L. EMERSON, has an unusually large collection of Sacred Choruses, and an equally large number of Secular Choruses and Glees. All the best quality. A first class Book. Sent for $1, or $12 doz.

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OLIVER DITSON & CO., BOSTON.

C. H. Ditson & Co., J. E. Ditson & Co., 867 Broadway, New York. Successors to Lee & Walker, Philadelphia.

Maverick National Bank,

Cor. Water and Congress Streets, BOSTON, MASS.

Incorporated as a State Bank in 1854. Organized as a National Bank in 1865.

CAPITAL, . . $400,000.

SURPLUS, . . $200,000.

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Accounts of Banks, Institutions and Individuals received.

Interest on time deposits allowed at rates agreed upon.

Business paper discounted.

Special attention given to the collection of notes, drafts or coupons on banks or others, and the purchase, sale or exchange of United States Bonds.

Promptness and fidelity guaranteed to all business entrusted to us.

Correspondence invited.

ALEX. H. POTTER, PRESIDENT.

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sep29 3m

FIRE KINDLERS NO. 1.

Have made arrangements with shaving makers to open and cut, am prepared to deliver this often called for article in any part of the city free of charge, including package. Call on delivery.

GEO. B. ROBINSON,

sep26 Norombega Market.

DOWN WE GO,

AND HAVE FOUND BOTTOM.

We shall now do

STEAM, GAS & WATER FITTING,

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

We also keep on hand a large Stock of GAS FIXTURES AND FITTINGS of every description, which we shall sell at a very low price. Give us a call.

No. 7 State St., Bangor, Me.

DOLE, PEAKS & CO.

Bangor, June 13, 1877.

THEY HAVE COME.

We refer to those elegant Flower Pots, consisting of Lotus, English Hanging Pots, Medallion, Jardiniere Stands and Hanging Pots, &c., &c., too numerous to mention. Also Ornamented Tubs of different sizes, also potting earth of first quality free with each pot purchased.

These goods will be sold at prices that cannot fail to please you.

GEO. B. ROBINSON,

octo. Norombega Market.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the undersigned will ask of the Legislature to assemble in January next, an act of incorporation for the erection of a dam and improvements upon Houston Brook and Crystal Stream, in Aroostook County, Maine, and to purchase works already erected by individuals, said brook and stream being tributaries of Fish stream which empties into the Matawamkeag river. They will ask a reasonable toll upon all logs and lumber passing through said works.

ESTATE OF P. HERSEY.

E. STETSON & CO.

Bangor, Nov. 29, 1877. eTuw

Hardwood Butter Tubs.

Two Hundred nice Butter Tubs, all sized and new.

GEO. B. ROBINSON,

oct5 Norombega Market.

A New and Useful Idea.

Is worth have always a great the want of a suitable measure for Vinegar. Call at Robinson's in Norombega and get a set of sealed stone measures. Throw away your rusty tins and be happy.

GEO. B. ROBINSON,

octo. Norombega Market.

ROBINSON'S Improved Hot Water Jug, is selling rapidly. To see is to be convinced of its merits. Call and see it even if you don't wish to purchase.

GEO. B. ROBINSON,

octo. Norombega Market.

STONE WARE of all kinds, wholesale or retail at Manufacturers' Boston prices.

GEO. B. ROBINSON,

octo. Norombega Market.

FILES.....FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME

to sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 Dozen Files

And am making on 500 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported.

Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.

JOB COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.

Eaton Family School for Boys,

AT NORTHEWOOD, MAINE.

(Established 1851.)

Offers unequalled advantages for a thorough course for business.

For information, address

sep26 tf S. F. EATON, Principal.

1877

Washing Soap.

TRY IT. 'TIS GOOD.

G. B. ROBINSON,

octo Norombega Market.

ESTABLISHED 1824. THE CHICKERING IS THE STANDARD PIANO. SEND FOR CIRCULAR. C. E. ALDEN, LEWISTON, ME. ROOM 10 CITY BUILDING, P.O. BOX 67.

PIANOS A SPECIALTY.

octo3 3m*

M. SCHWARTZ,

143 Exchange St.,

SAW MANUFACTURER

AND MACHINIST,

Is prepared to supply all in a order the very best warranted saws, Machinery, Belting, Emery Wheels, &c., at the lowest price.

The only Saw Manufacturer in the State that can repair saws at short notice and in the most thorough manner.

octo27

PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

No. 70 State st., opposite Kilby, Boston,

Secures Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington. No agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse."

CHAS. MASON, Commissioner.

"Inventors cannot employ a person of more entire ability of security, candor and favorable consideration."

EDMUND BURKE, late Commissioner.

R. H. EDDY, Esq.—Dear Sir: you rec. in 1840, my first patent. Since then I have acted for and advised me in the matter and procured many patents, relinquishing all claims. I have occasionally employed agencies in New York, Philadelphia, Boston, but I get more direct results in Washington, by your skill and attention. Yours truly, GEORGE ... Boston, Jan. 1, 1877. 1yw

FURNITURE

FURNITURE.

THE PLACE TO GET

GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—

Furniture of all Kinds

—AT—

G. W. MERRILL & CO.'S,

At their New Ware Rooms,

Pickering Block, Main St.

aug7 daw

Flour for Winter.

Now is your time to buy your flour for winter. We are selling from $6.50 to $8.00 per barrel. Look at our flour before you buy elsewhere.

PORTER NEALEY,

22 and 24 West Market Square, Bangor.

oct23 dawtf

PEAVEY AXES.

C. A. PEAVEY. I. N. PEAVEY.

A large lot of best

PEAVEY HAND-MADE AXES.

now on hand, made of the best Jessup's Steel and Norway Iron and

EVERY ONE WARRANTED

and at Low Prices. Also Old Axes upset and new edged and ground at reduced prices.

Bangor Edge Tool Co.,

or, French and Washington Sts., Bangor.

octlS

NEW

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

CONNERS BROTHERS

—IN—

No. 11 Main Street,

HAVE OPENED A

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

which is thoroughly stocked with a large and complete line of fresh new goods of every pattern and style, made in the best factories in New England.

We devote our whole attention to

BOOTS AND SHOES AND RUBBERS,

and to no other goods, and we know that we can meet every taste and fancy of ladies and gentlemen.

We give special attention to fitting Misses and Children.

We shall sell at prices suited to the stringency of the times, and invite all our friends to call and examine our stock.

CONNERS BROTHERS,

No. 11 Main St., West Side.

EDWARD CONNERS. JOHN CONNERS.

aug31

BEFORE INVESTING

much money in the Gold, Silver and Nickel Plating business, call and see THOS. HANOVER, Opp. City Hall, Columbia St.

nov15 3m

PLUMBING, STEAM FITTING,

AND

WATER PIPING.

Also manufacturers of GALVANIZED IRON CORNICE and GUTTERS.

A large supply of PLUMBING, STEAM and WATER FITTINGS constantly on hand.

All of our Work warranted--both Workmanship and Materials--to be first class in every respect.

A. LEIGHTON & CO.,

Exchange, Cor. of York St.

aprl3 eod

Bonnets, Hats and Frames--in all the best new shapes--Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Silks and Ribbons--in all the new shades--Ostrich Plumes, Fancy Feathers and Ornaments, including many Novelties. We bought a large stock in N. Y. at lowest prices and all will be sold at the lowest city prices, at

C. W. COFFIN'S, 19 Main St.

JUST OVER WAY, LADIES.

The finest Beavers for Cloaks in the City.

An Elegant Black Silk Dress for $25, no shoddy stuff.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS, SHAWLS.

$17 BLANKETS FOR $10.

20 pieces yard wide Shaker Flannels very Cheap. Gilbert's Flannels. Nubias, Jackets, Leggings and Scarfs.

Readfield Cassimeres.

AT 32 MAIN STREET.

JOSEPH F. SNOW.

Bangor, Nov. 23, 1877.

GETCHELL, LEIGHTON & CO.,

PLUMBERS,

29 CENTRAL STREET.

July12

IT IS NOT YOUR EARNINGS,

But your savings that make you rich. It is well and a penny, and at the same time get anything you want in the MEAT, GAME and VEGETABLE line, of the best quality, call at

"THE PEOPLE'S MARKET,"

8 Harlow Street,

Where everything is new and fresh, and sold as cheap as the cheapest.

no14

DeWITT HOUSE, Lewiston, Me.

The Proprietors, formerly of the Franklin House, Bangor, having leased this commodious Hotel for a term of years, have fitted it up to accommodate the travelling public, generally. This House is pleasantly situated on the Corner of Pine and Park Streets, nearly opposite City Building and Post Office, overlooking the Park, and is one of the most beautiful locations in the state. It is in close connection to the principal places of business, has all the modern conveniences of Steam Bath Rooms, Sample Rooms, Billiard Hall, &c. Keeps three first class livery Stables. Carriages are always in waiting to take guests to and from the trains.

ROYAL QUIMBY, EBEN MURCH, } Proprietors.

nov27

GLOBE HOTEL.

This Hotel was built last season, on the site of the Harriman House, Carefully renovated throughout, with modern improvements, and is now in first class order. Has Parlors, Bath Rooms, Sample Rooms, Billiard Hall, Finger's Accompanist, etc. Good Livery and Transient Stables. Free Coaches to and from the House.

TERMS, $2.00 PER DAY.

J. E. HARRIMAN, Proprietor.

Bangor, July 31, 1877.

Let Your Gaze Linger

ON THIS FOR A MOMENT

You can get any article of Jewelry you wish made or repaired in a neat manner, at 50 Hammond Street, opposite the Court House, Gentlemen's Room on the second floor, over Hill's Store. Satisfaction guaranteed. Engraving done to order. Yours truly, GEORGE ... Boston, Jan. 1, 1877. 1yw

HORSES CLIPPED

In a neat manner, at short notice, by

C. W. CROCKETT,

Livery Stable, next Stable to Harrington's.

Price only $2.00.

nov27 4w

THANKSGIVING GOODS.

To commence with we have some of the best Cider in this Town, going from a retail, fruit, Cider Apples, Cranberries, New Crop Apples, new Figs, Nuts, Malaga Grapes, Citron, French Prunes, Bitter of all kinds, Evaporated Peaches, Dried Apples, Lemons, Salad Oil, Boston Crackers, Butter, Stilton, Neufchatel and Cream Cheese, Canned Goods of every description, Sugar Cured and American Hams, and Pickles.

Delicacies for a Gentleman's table and Cigars.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG.

23 and 24 Central Street.

nov24

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

O. M. BROWN

Has just opened a large Stock of NEW GOODS at prices that customers will be sure to buy

LOOK AT THE PRICES.

One case All Wool Filling Dress Goods, at 15 cts, worth 25

One case All Wool Filling Basket Cloth, all new colors at 25 cts, worth 37

200 yards Dark Prints, at 5 cts, worth 8

Good yard wide Brown Cotton, 5 cts., worth 7

One case White Marseilles Quilts, splendid patterns, at $3.00, worth $5.00

A large lot of American Quilts for 75 cts., worth $1.25, also for 1.25, worth 1.50

Remnants of Flannels at 17 cts., worth 25

Remnants of Cotton Flannels, 10 cts., worth 15

Remnants Brown Cotton, 5 cts

Remnants Bleached Cotton, 8 cts., worth 10

Remnants Bleached Cottons, 10 cts., worth 12

All Linen Damask for 25, 30, 35, 40 and 50 cts. per yard—cheaper than ever seen in Bangor.

Remember, I am selling a Pure German Turkey Red Damask for 75 cts. per yard

A full line of Cracked and Twilled Flannels at extremely low prices.

A large line of Woolens for Men's and Boys' wear, from 50 cts. to $1.25.

Tickings from 12½ cts. up.

In small Wares, all customers say no one is selling as low.

Best Machine Thread for 5 cts

Handkerchiefs, two for five cts.; also at 4, 6, 10, 12½ up to $1.50 each.

One case of Corsets for 50 cts., well worth 85

A nice Silk Tie for 25 cts

Great bargains in Drawers, 25, 35, 50 cts

One case Ladies' Under Vests at 50 cts, they are cheap at 75

Children's Underwear from 25 cts. to 85, all sizes.

A large line of Ladies' Woolen Hose for 25 cts., worth 42

Children's and Misses' Hose from 12½ cts. up to 25, that are cheap.

Towels one yard long and one-half yard wide, for 10 cts. each.

Linen Napkins cheap.

A full line of Worsted Fringes in the new styles.

Come and see the piles and piles of Goods that I have not room to give prices on, such as all Linen Crash at 5½ cents per yard.

O. M. BROWN

No. 15 West Market Square.

octo

LOOK IN AND ENQUIRE THE PRICE

—OF—

FLOUR.

We are selling it very low at

MAYO & APPLETON'S,

90 CENTRAL ST.

octl

Furnace for Sale.

A No. 3 Walker Furnace, as good as new, for sale at a bargain. Inquire of

H. A. HOLDEN,

sep12 Custom House.

Before Purchasing

A nice SLEIGH or PUNG, call and see these nice Sleighs at

B. N. THOMS' CARRIAGE SHOP,

Harlow Street,

who will give you prices that will ensure a sale.

Also a few second Hand Sleighs and Pungs cheap for cash.

B. N. THOMS.

nov20 3w

CRACKERS.

Having completed arrangements we are now prepared to furnish Crackers of our own manufacture by the pound or barrel, equal in quality to any in New England. Call and examine the lightest Cracker made in the State of Maine.

OUR BOSTON BUTTERS & SODAS,

equal to the best, at 10 cents a pound, retail.

OUR OYSTER CRACKERS

are pronounced equal to the very best. Get them fresh at the

BOSTON BAKERY.

Patronize home industry and keep your young men from "going West."

WEDDING CAKE baked and ornamented in first class style at the BOSTON BAKERY.

JACQUES & CHURCH,

nov7 Proprietors.

HEADQUARTERS for GOLD

Just received. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. Gold Jewelry made to order. Engraving a specialty.

DANIEL WHITE,

nov14 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

O. M. BROWN

No. 15 West Market Square,

octo

BOOK-BINDING

Executed with neatness and dispatch at lowest possible prices.

Books bound to MATCH FORMER VOLUMES.

PAPER Ruled to Pattern.

ACCOUNT BOOKS made to order, of best materials, warranted to give satisfaction in every respect, at lowest prices, by

D. BUGBEE & CO.,

aug8 dawtf

Real Estate.

For Rent.

Store No. 53 Hatch Block, Main St.

FRED A. HATCH.

nov27

For Rent.

A small tenement, Six dollars a month. Enquire at 33 Pine Street

nov26

For Rent.

HOUSES on favorable terms.

GEO. A. THATCHER.

nov24 tf

For Rent.

A great and convenient tenement supplied with gas and H. R. water, No. 21 Garland St. Also, No. 46 Washington Street, with stable. The above premises to be rented very low. Inquire of

M. LINCOLN,

nov22 44 Exchange st.

Houses for Rent.

Two very desirable Houses in good order, with Holly water, one in Essex St., other on Fern St., with good stable attached, for rent on reasonable terms.

GEO. W. LADD,

nov20 4w Phenix Row.

For Rent.

Two tenements in good repair on Pine st. Apply to MRS. SUSAN J. LEIGHTON,

nov19 65 Pine street.

For Rent.

Northerly tenement in house No. 24 Essex Street. This tenement is very desirable, centrally located, and is now being thoroughly repaired, painted and papered. Holly water. New stable attached. Will be ready for occupancy Dec. 1st.

Apply to SCOTT DUNRAR, 47 State Street, or J. P. ROBINSON, No. 2 Birch street.

nov22

For Rent.

Tenement No. 65 Fourth Street. Inquire of

J. H. HOLT,

octl5 at Merc'nts Nat'l Bank.

For Rent.

House on Birch Street. Inquire of

E. & H. ROLLINS.

octl2 tf

TO LET.

The 2nd story of the corner store in Harlow Block, Main St., Bangor, is to be rented. This is the most desirable location in the city for a Clothing or Furnishing Goods store, and will be let entire for Clothing, or divided to suit tenants. Apply to

J. S. DAMON,

aug29 KIMBALL & SEAVEY.

For Sale or Rent.

The House No. 12 Court Street. Eleven good rooms, easy to heat, plumbed, with hot and cold water, and in good repair. Will be sold cheap if taken soon, or will be rented. Apply to

JOHN PAYNE.

A $3000 INVESTMENT

IN MILLS & FARM.

Three miles from the city which will bring $400 per annum net income, or one-half of the PRICE, for the second story, where, in fact, it will be answered.

Address, "Second Story," Whig and Courier Office.

nov22 dawtf

The Finest Assortment

OF GOODS AND STYLES

NEW YORK

Club and Strap

SKATES

To be found in the city.

RICE & SKINNER,

Successors to L. H. FOGG,

Jobbers and Retailers in

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Windows,

&c., &c.

nov27 1m

IN MIND

THAT

M. MEHESEY,

50 Main St.,

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

FURS!

Fur Sacques,

Fur Muffs,

Fur Collars,

Fur Caps,

Fur Gloves,

Fur Capes,

Fur Robes,

Fur Boots,

Fur Coats,

Fur Boas,

Fur Trimmings.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING!

Raw Fur Bought and Sold!

nov23 daw 3m47

RAMSDELL & NEAL

Gunsmiths,

Corner of Kenduskeag Bridge and Harlow street, Bangor.

have a good line of SHOOTING GOODS on hand. Double and Single Guns, Breech loading Guns, Breech loading Rifles, Tools for loading Shells, Powder, Shot, Caps, Wads, Powder flasks, Shot Pouches, Shell Bags, Game Bags, Steel Traps, Fishing Tackle, Dog Collars, Snow Shoes, Moccasins, Pocket Cutlery, Pocket Compasses, Skates and Sleds. Revolvers and Cartridges at a low price. Keys fitted. Highest prices paid for Fur skins.

nov15 daw 2m

A. F. CHASE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

octl0 NO. 6, MAIN STREET.

A CHAPTER

—ON—

Furniture Repairing.

Sec. 1. It can be done.

Sec. 2. It needs to be done.

Sec. 3. It pays to do it.

Sec. 4. It is a trade which it takes years to learn.

CONCLUSION. If you want health, comfort, peace of mind, and quiet slumber, have your Mattresses, Sofas, Lounges, Chairs, &c., neatly upholstered by

HENRY S. BROWN.

aprl3 eod

WANTED. An active, reliable man or woman in every town in the United States and Canada to introduce and sell our Goods. Full particulars and samples sent by return receipt of two three cent stamps to pay postage. Address,

Box 1471, J. F. GERow & Co., Bangor, Me.

WHAT IS ACCOMPLISHED BY

VEGETINE.

VEGETINE will renew the blood, give tone to the stomach, restore the liver to its proper action, stimulate the kidneys so as to enable them to perform the functions devolving upon them, carry off the putrid humors, regulate the bowels, and restore the whole system to working order. This is precisely what Vegetine does, and this is the exact way through which it has accomplished so many wonderful cures, as may be seen by the following unquestional in evidence.

A Husband's Statement of the Great Suffering of His Wife.

HARWICH, Mass., Sept. 24, 1875.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—For it my duty to say a word in praise of Vegetine. My wife has been troubled with a bad humor for several years, which she inherited from her parents. We have tried several physicians and a great many different kinds of medicine with but little benefit. She was so much emaciated that we had given up down out of her over being any better. Hearing of the VEGETINE we resolved to try it once more, and she commenced using it last March, and has been improving ever since. From 124 pounds she has increased to 145 pounds, having gained 21 pounds in seven months, and is now able to be about her work. In short, she believes that VEGETINE has been a blessing of saving her life, and that she cannot say too much in its praise. It is pleasure for me to make use of this testimonial, and you can use it as you think best. Six bottles, three bottles and a half, next I can safely recommend it as a great blood purifier.

Yours respectfully, JOSEPH C. BUTLER.

The Wife's Statement.

HARWICH, Mass., Sept. 24, 1875.

MR. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—I feel I must say a few words in favor of Vegetine. The physicians said I had so many complaints they did not know what to give me. They said I had a bad humor and I felt I could say, indeed, I was constant, my pain was very weak, and I could think down in any one's shoes. I could move with the pillow than I did. The physicians said it was no use for me to take medicine, I could not live through the month of May. I truly think the Vegetine has saved my life, and my testimony is that Vegetine has really been to me a wonderful cure in my case, as I believe it will be in any case where it has a fair trial. Yours, very thankfully,

MRS. J. C. BUTLER.

Vegetine.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—I feel it my duty to do all I can to bring to a great number you may choose, I received from you. I have had great benefit from the use of Vegetine, for I was troubled with Liver Complaint, my appetite was very poor, and I could think down in any one's shoes. I could move with the pillow than I did. The physicians said it was no use for me to take medicine, I could not live through the month of May. I truly think the Vegetine has saved my life, and my testimony is that Vegetine has really been to me a wonderful cure in my case, as I believe it will be in any case where it has a fair trial. Yours, very truly,

MRS. J. C. BUTLER.

Vegetine.

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

dec1 WAS 1w

BUZZELL & SHAW

Are now prepared to show one the largest and best stock of

BOOTS & SHOES & OVERSHOES,

to be found in this city, at the very LOWEST PRICES.

Our lines in Ladies' and Misses' BUTTON AND CORE LACE boots is very large.

From a Very Light French Kid Dress to a Heavy English Walking Boot.

We are the Agents for the celebrated

BRISTOL BOOTS

OF NEW YORK.

To which we have added the McCORDY & PATTINGALL, and can now lay claim to the BEST, MOST COMFORTABLE, and HANDSOMEST boots in the market.

We have a full line of Gents' FAWN BOOTS and SLIPPERS for men, women and children. Also, the best assortment of MENS SLIPPERS, in Bangor. Purchasers are invited to call and examine our stock.

Cloves and Mittens,

Lined and unlined, with or without Fur Wrists. New and desirable styles of SILK HANDKERCHIEFS for the neck or pocket, cheap.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!! FURS!!!

FUR TRIMMING!

Don't buy until you have examined our stock.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

UMBRELLAS, &c.

BUZZELL & SHAW,

20 MAIN STREET.

Bangor, Nov. 25, 1877.

HENRY McLAUGHLIN,

AGENT FOR

Ingersoll Steam Drill Company

AND

Laflin & Rand Powder Co.

Friction Batteries, Leading and Connecting Wires, Primers and Exploders of all kinds, Powder, Rendrock, and Dualite, Cotton, Single Taped, Double Taped and Gutta Percha Fuse, constantly on hand.

Front, May and Pleasant Streets,

BANGOR, MAINE.

aug23

APPLES.

You can find a choice lot of New York Apples at

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SOUTH CAROLINA JUSTICE.

LETTER FROM HON. W. E. CHANDLER.

The Hayes Policy and the Hampton Policy.

THE PRESIDENT SHIELDING THE MURDERERS OF REPUBLICANS WHILE THE CHIVALRY CONDEMN REPUBLICANS WITHOUT FAIR TRIALS.

(From the N. Y. Tribune.)

SIR: WILL you allow one hearing in relation to those persecuted and prosecuted Republicans of South Carolina whom the *Tribune* encouraged to stand firm while the electoral vote of the State should be counted for Hayes and Wheeler, but now when it has no work of cheer nor even demands the record of their fate, that the lives of Wade Hampton and his colleagues, whose honor and tender mercies they were committed by the policy of an Administration, to place which for a time they had been urged to risk, and did risk, their reputations and their lives. After the United States flag was hauled down in South Carolina by arrangement with the rebel bankrupt, Wade Hampton, twice a traitor in arms—once in 1861, conquered, a second time in 1877, defiant and triumphant, the re were in the State able to arrest and punish not

1. Alleged disloyal Republican officials subject to the rebel State courts.

2. Undoubtedly negro-murderers, who killed their victim solely to prevent Hayes from being President, and were therefore amenable to Federal laws and process.

HOW THE NEGRO-MURDERERS HAVE BEEN TREATED.

The negro-murderers were promptly forgiven. The South Carolina rebel Legislature memorialized President Hayes to grant them amnesty. The response was as follows:

To Governor WADE HAMPTON:

I am informed by the Attorney-General that he has instructed the District-Attorney of South Carolina to prepare to try only three indictments in the Ellenton case, and to notify the parties in all other cases that they need not prepare for trial. It is possible that only one case will be tried. The indictments were found by a grand jury composed of both political parties, which seem to justify the assumption that the prosecutions are not partisan. I agree with you that a general amnesty should extend to all political offenders, except those which are of the gravest character.

R. B. HAYES.

Washington, D. C., May 12, 1877.

There were no political offenders then under indictment in South Carolina that I am aware of, except for murders of Hayes Republicans; and what of those can be considered as not of the gravest character, I cannot conclude, unless possibly those where the chivalric Southerner has refrained from mutilating the bodies. With such a letter as this before the Southern Judges there was as little possibility of any convict, as by a Southern jury of the Lightfoots, butchers of Hamburg and Ellenton, as there was of convicting Jefferson Davis of treason after Horace Greeley had signed his bail bond and Andrew Johnson had employed eminent counsel not to prosecute him. To make uncertainty and anarchy more sure, however, when the unchanged South Carolina traitor returned from his Northern tour, where he had been introduced as that "great and good man, Wade Hampton," he carried with him as a parting donation of peace and conciliation the appointment, as United States District Attorney, of a renegade Republican and assistant Democrat, one Nordhoff, who proceeded to select as his assistant a bitter Democrat, a relative of Wade Hampton, and thereupon the South Carolina murderers, who should have been tried in the dock, became the masters of the United States Courts, and the amnesty promised to Wade Hampton was fulfilled.

HOW AGUILAR IS PUBLICANS HAVE BEEN TREATED.

While complete amnesty, security and political power to butchers of Republicans has thus been obtained, what steps have been taken by the Administration or any Northern Republicans to secure a fair trial to the accused South Carolina Republicans, upon whom Wade Hampton and his infuriated blood-hounds have turned with savage ferocity? A Congressman dragged from Washington and convicted and incarcerated, two Republican officials have been sentenced and imprisoned, and a United States Senator is threatened with a similar fate. Are these things being fairly done? are the accused having fair trials? are they being prosecuted solely from a love of justice and according to a correct administration of the criminal laws, and not as measures of political persecution, revenge and ferocity? If they are, nothing need be said nor can be done about it; but if not, the Republicans of the North need to give the subject careful investigation, and to take manly and courageous action.

It may be an unpopular work to say anything in seeming defence of "carpet-bag Republicans accused of thievery and rascality;" it is undoubtedly easier for Northern Republicans to turn to them a deaf ear, to say that they are a bad lot, and to let Wade Hampton and his ministers of justice (!) convey them speedily into the penitentiaries. But such is not the duty of the Republican party, nor of the *Tribune*. Whatever these men have done, they are entitled to fair trials. Are they having them? If not, they should be secured for them, or those Republicans who are enjoying emoluments and high honors obtained for them in part by the fidelity and courage of these men, now betrayed, surrendered, accused and in peril, should return their dirty pieces of silver, and go and hang themselves.

I undertake to say that the South Carolina Republicans, now pursued by that "great and good" man, Wade Hampton, and his Attorney-General Conner, are not having fair trials. The convictions are being secured by means of a political crusade and campaign, carried on by masses of infuriated Democrats, who swarm the court houses, intimidate the witnesses and colored jurymen, and greet with applause and cheers the condition of the verdicts of guilty. The witnesses are confessed accomplices, granted immunity for falsely swearing into prison innocent Republicans and prattling Democratic thieves. Will you look at the facts in one case—that of I. Cuss Carpenter?

CARPENTER'S TRIAL.

Mr. Carpenter ran for Congress in his Falls, has been a prominent editor, and in 1870 published the Daily *Union*, at Columbia, and edited the Daily *Republican*, at Charleston. He has been convicted and imprisoned for forgery in altering, in 1872, an account against the State from $720 to $1,720. Here is the amount

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 12, 1871.

Messrs. Wheeler & Jones,

To the Utility Fund, Dr.

To Editing "Daily Republican" Resolutions in data for printing $1,720.00

We certify to the fact that the within account is correct and has been paid. $720.00

A. G. JONES, J. WHEELER.

CLERKS.

Paid on account, Dec. 12, 1871 $500

Paid on account, Dec. 16, 1871 500

Paid on account, Jan. 25, 1872 500

Paid on account, Feb. 20, 1872 200

J. Wheeler swore that he approved the account, and thought the figure 1 had been added before the 720 after he approved it, that he thought this because the figure 1 looked darker and heavier than the other figures; he also swore that he did not think he approved the account for so large a sum as $1,720, but he admitted that he did not examine the newspaper account he approved them whenever presented, and that he approved Carpenter's bills for 1871 for sums of $1,720, and would have approved as large as exactly as he saw them, that he kept no record of bills presented, approved, and could not tell whether $1,720 was the or not.

Yet Jones testified the same as Wheeler, his testimony being the reverse of the latter. Neither of them just recollect that the account was ever less than $1,720, and both based their judgment, not on an account had been altered, upon their opinion that the figure 1 looked darker and heavier. This was all the direct testimony of the State.

Mr. Carpenter then proved his contract with the State, showed from the files of his paper that he had published the laws by every member and officer, and proved that at the time this account was paid the State owed him more than the amount of the account.

Upon this state of proof, with no other evidence of motive for altering the bill, not merely not proved, but actually disproved, and only on the fact that the figure 1 looked as if it had been added, a South Carolina jury convicted Carpenter, and he is now imprisoned in a dungeon! I will not comment on the case except to say that Woodruff and Jones, the State witnesses, are self-confessed forgers, who have stolen money from the State. Woodruff admits that the bill was forged from $720 to $1,720 and $6,000, and yet he is retained as Clerk of the Senate, which has, by the policy of overthrow, since March 1, been changed from eighteen Republicans to fourteen Democrats, and is unanimously Democratic today. This is because he is a machine tool, and he polished, will tell of Democratic frauds, so his only punishment is to swear falsely against the honest Republicans. By such testimony Mr. Carpenter has been convicted, and because he has been guilty, but because he has been a Republican editor and Speaker, and from 1872 to this time has Daily Union and elsewhere, has exposed the Republican outrages and has endeavored to bring their perpetrators to justice. It is a mistake to say the only signatures of friends have been left because Republicans have been upon the committees and juries. The lowest grading committee, whose report has been published, was composed of five Democrats, and one, John R. Cochran made statement to the Legislature that the committee was Republican, yet he was an Independent, was elected by a Democratic county by Democratic votes. The Grand Jury was composed of virulent Democrats and a few helpless and ignorant colored men, who did not dare refuse to join in finding bills. The Judge never claimed to be a Republican, although elected by a Republican Legislature. Like many other men elected by Republicans to office, he was weak and unreliable when called to protect Republicans against an infuriated public sentiment. The petit jury was composed of seven partisan Democrats and five ignorant negroes, utterly helpless. I done their "manifest" work in indictments, and before the outside demonstration of a determination to force convictions which have chartered these prosecutions.

But I am cr

Whig and Courier.

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C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

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THURSDAY, DEC. 6, 1877.

THE PRESIDENT'S POLICY

[From the New York Times, Dec. 4.]

The country would have been disappointed if the President, in his Message to Congress, had not given his own version of his Southern policy, its motives and objects, its methods and results. His statement of the case, though brief, is comprehensive, and from his point of view conclusive. The disappointment which the country will now experience will proceed from the insufficiency of the explanation, measured by the standard of the Republican Party, and from the somewhat remarkable indifference to facts upon which the President bases his claim to success.

The Message declares truly that in the campaign of 1876 the pacification of the South was by both parties declared desirable. No one pretends, however, that the two parties were agreed as to the ends to be sought or the means to be employed. The Democratic Party consistently impugned the policy deliberately adopted by the Republicans. Its idea of pacification was an unqualified surrender to the White Democracy of the reconstructed States. Under the guise of self-government their supremacy was to be made absolute. The Republican Party, on the other hand insisted that to render pacification permanent, complete protection must be assured to all citizens of the South "in the free enjoyment of all their rights;" and the exaction of guarantees bearing upon this point was indicated as a Republican duty. Now, Mr. Hayes was elected to the Presidency by the Republicans. He was their standard bearer in the contest. When, therefore, he appeals to the party's platform as furnishing a justification of his Southern action, he should be prepared to show that the construction he places upon the Cincinnati demand for pacification harmonizes with the construction which the Convention would have put upon its own proposition. Does the President believe that he would have received the nomination had he, or any one in his behalf, informed the convention of the course he intended to pursue in Southern affairs? Does he believe that the great body of the party outside of the convention would have accepted him as its candidate if his opinions and purposes had been understood as well as they are now? Unless he can answer these inquiries affirmatively, the appeal to that approval of his Southern policy to the utterances of his party must be pronounced a failure.

In the argument founded upon experience we say more anon. The President says that "beneficent results already appear prove that" his "endeavors are not to be regarded as an experiment, and should sustain and encourage us in our efforts." Surely "beneficent results" which admit of being thus positively stated are susceptible of some sort of tangible evidence. What is the nature? Where is it to be found? We are told, in the first place, that "all apprehension of danger is dispelled; next, that a most salutary change in the mind of the people has begun and is in progress in every part of the South." The precise meaning of the first of these allegations is partially elucidated by a subsequent allusion to "the terrible and unfortunate collisions which for several years" were of frequent occurrence "and have almost entirely ceased." These collisions, it should be remembered, and the apprehension of danger growing out of them, were manifestly in the sure inaccessible to a political origin. The Republicans asserted their right, as citizens, to meet, discuss, organize, agitate, and vote, the Democrats employed their strength to render the exercise of these rights as perilous as possible. Even now it is known that the price of the peace which the President would have us celebrate in hymns of praise and thanksgiving is the virtual disenfranchisement of the Republican organization in the Southern States. Collisions have ceased because Republicans white and black, finding themselves abandoned by Federal authority have quietly succumbed to superior force. They have no further inclination to kick against the pricks for the sake of a party which—as they see the matter—has left them to their fate. The Democrats, having got all they wanted, are for the time quiet; they do not kill or injure or drive men into swamps, simply because men are no longer rash enough to show themselves Republicans. As to the "salutary change" spoken of by the President, except in the sense just portrayed, we know not where to seek it. The South has become solid for the Democracy. Is that a salutary sign? It takes as a matter of course all the President concedes; it dictates appointments and does not thank him when they are made; it assures him that he has done exactly what it wanted him to do, and that it intends to manifest its gratitude by strengthening the Democracy, and rendering impossible the election of another Republican President. Does the President really consider these things salutary? Are they what he designed? Should they either a diverse criticism or reconcile Republicans to a change which endangers cherished purposes of their party and casts doubts upon its future?

But the President assigns other reasons for his confidence, and prominent among them is the statement that "public credit in the Southern States has been greatly strengthened" by their surrender to the Democracy. If this were correct, it would be a valid argument in his defense if, as a consequence of his policy, the South evinced a nicer regard for its financial integrity, and re-established its credit at home and abroad, we should pause before passing any harsh judgment either upon the policy or upon the Southern people. It is, however, a question of fact, and we submit that all the facts are against the President. Southern credit, he says, "has been greatly strengthened." We reply that it never was worse than at this moment. The record of Southern States has again and again been blackened by repudiation. The whole South now seems to be cursed with the repudiation mania. Georgia, comparatively rich and prosperous as it is, has incurred the brand of infamy by robbing its creditors of millions, and excluding them from its courts. Alabama is in a repudiator. Arkansas repudiates. North Carolina repudiates. South Carolina, despite the entreaties of its Governor, drifts toward repudiation. Virginia, after "scaling" and funding to its heart's content, is torn by a struggle on the question of further readjustment. Tennessee, which gave to the President an adviser and a welcome, is engaged in an unprincipled attempt to extort terms from the years of its creditors, to whom, meanwhile, it will pay neither principal nor interest. Where, then, is the foundation for the President's remark? What Southern State has had its credit "greatly strengthened?" Which among them could to-day sell its bonds in New York, London, or Frankfort? If the President will investigate a little, he will discover not only that Southern credit has not improved, but that the almost universal disposition to repudiate justifies the fears with which conservative financiers regard the influence of a solid South upon the credit of the nation.

After informing Congress that his policy has already borne such rich fruit that it must be accepted as a success, the President in his final references to the subject practically concedes that everything is yet contingent upon the voluntary proceedings of the Southern States. The National Government can now do little or nothing. The education and general welfare of the colored people, the enactment of just and humane laws and their proper administration—everything, in short, not specifically provided for in the constitutional amendments, must now be dependent upon the Southern Democracy. They are masters of the situation. To them the President "earnestly appeals" for the recognition of the equality they have spurned, for the protection which last present a mockery, for the attainment of objects which they fought against when the Republican party was a power in the South, and which will hardly receive their support now that their authority is absolute. This, then, is the glorious result, this the "salutary change," this the proof that the policy is not an experiment.

PUBLIC OPINION.

THE REACTION AGAINST GUSH AND DOUGHFACEDOM.

The Albany *Journal* notices the remark of the Springfield *Republican* to the effect that "Mr. Patterson's justification of his own course is the President's policy cannot be gainsaid," says: "If this be so, then woe to the policy. If it be true that Patterson's support of Butler—to say nothing of the base manner and motives of the whole proceeding—is in harmony with the President's policy, and is justified and required by it, then the President's policy must be condemned and repudiated. If the course of Patterson and Conover is to be associated with the President's action, and logically sustained by it, then this is the worst blow his policy has yet received—and it is fatal."

The Peoria (Ill.) *Transcript* asks a puzzled people: "Does Conservatism Conserve?" and in answer submits the following: "Since the inauguration of President Hayes, we have had a Government administered on the conservative plan. Only nine months have lapsed, and we see the result. The end of Republican power in the United States Congress has been reached, and, if the same policy continues, President Hayes will go out of power in 1881 with scarcely enough followers left to attend his funeral."

The Omaha (Neb.) *Republican* is impressed with the belief that it is not quite in vogue to write the history of the present Administration, but, nothing the remark of the London *Times* that President Hayes is laboring to repair the errors and shortcomings of Grant's Administration, says: "If Hayes comes out where Grant left off, he will do better than the present prospect promises. Indeed, it looks as if he would succeed, before the expiration of his first year, in getting the country just about where Lincoln found it in 1860 with a Confederate South in power and the black race and the loyal white citizenship of the South practically disfranchised and re-enthralled."

The Utica (N. Y.) *Republican* says: "The President is brought to the point where he must decide which of the roads he will take. He must be Democrat or Republican. He cannot live in the clouds and utter pretty platitudes about peace and reform while a fight for life is waging at his door, and the battle sorely presses the men who casted him. He must recognize their loyalty, or he must desert to the enemy. He must take the straight road to the front, and stand with "Edmunds and his fellows," or he must crawl to the rear and make a peculiar kind the Democratic camp. We believe he will do the former—the Democrats believe they have secured him already. A few days will show which is right, and will end this horror of suspense, fortunately for the life and welfare of the party hanging upon the Republican Senators, and not upon the tenets of the Administration."

The Washington correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* writes: "I hear on every hand the opinion expressed that if Mr. Blaine or Mr. Conkling had been in the Presidential chair, the Senate would have escaped its present excitements and dangers, and I suppose it is true. Mr. Blaine would have known how to put a hook into the nose of such fellows as Patterson and Conover, and he would have coaxed the Senate last Spring, at the executive session, to have let in Kellogg and Corbin and perhaps Pinchback. A good many Republicans in the Senate are now sorry that Kellogg, at least, was not admitted last spring, and I half suspect that Mr. Edmunds is among the number."

The Indianapolis *Journal* of Nov. 28th says: "The *Journal* favored the fullest trial of the policy of President Hayes. We were anxious to see whether the Southern leaders really meant what they said. We were desirous of testing the question whether the Democratic party, South and North, were dominated with a purpose to forget the past and work out a future for themselves and the Nation separated from the old spirit which precipitated the country into a bloody struggle. We wanted a practical test whether the Democracy of the rebellion and of the rifle was ready to give place to a national party whose ruling principle should be an acceptance with the heart, as well as with the lips, of the results forged in the fierce fires of war. We think that has been pretty fairly tested and the North has done its utmost to make the test successful. We think the country sees that not a jot nor tittle of the malevolent spirit of the Democratic party has abated, but that in the moment when prudence was needed passion controlled. The Northern Democracy have shown themselves to be the same pliable tools of the Southern leaders that they were before the war, that nothing can be too Revolutionary for their blatant support, and cowardly desertion in the hour when something more than words is wanted."

The N. Y. *Tribune* says: "Senator Bee Hill is pained at the display of partisanship in the United States Senate, and he has reason to be. His unhappiness is a timely rebuke to the Democratic Senators who began the exhibition, and who have made so little by it, too. Perhaps it is the failure which pains Mr. Hill. The management which involves the Senate in a partisan quarrel for a week or more, at the expense of all public business, and then ends in accomplishing nothing, which will permanently benefit the party, is indeed deserving of pity. The Democrats have won the repute of having two cards they have always abused, and they are no nearer the control of the Senate than they were before. It is said, Mr. Hill. Your unhappiness does you credit."

The New York *Herald* says: Mr. Hayes's recognition of the Democratic Legislature of South Carolina and Louisiana was a concession of their legal right to elect federal Senators. It is too clear for argument that if Mr. Hayes was right in accepting those Legislatures as legal, the Senators chosen by them have an incontestible title to their seats. Opposition to their admission is an emphatic condemnation of the action of the President last spring.

SEE FIRST PAGE.

We call the attention of every reader to the powerful and important letter on our first page, showing up the workings of "conciliation" in South Carolina. The writer, Hon. Wm. E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, rendered distinguished service for years as Secretary of the National Republican Committee, and during the critical period subsequent to the Presidential election last year, it is safe to say that no one man in the country bore more of the brunt of the battle in the contested States, or did more to maintain the election of Hayes and Wheeler. Hear him! He is entitled to speak as a Republican and he has the courage of his convictions. Read the facts presented by him.

A LIFE-LIKE PORTRAIT.

The New York *Nation*, a weekly sheet which is edited by a genius who has undertaken, after a few years residence in this country, to regulate all its affairs, and to sit in a sort of lofty judgment upon everybody and everything, has become of late so insufferable in its egotism and insolence, that nearly all the leading journals of the metropolis have sharply rebuked it. The editor affects a combination of the Cockney and the "Cultus Boston-Man," and addresses himself to his sophomoric class of readers in the role of a Superior Creature whose duty it is to continuously advertise his contempt for all mere mortals. The *Tribune* took this newspaper snob in hand the other day and the following free-hand sketches of the creature are life-like as a photograph:

The trouble is that the ten-caddy school of journalism has no idea of independence. As a mischievous old maid prides herself upon her "frankness" when she retails slander, and tears reputations to tatters, and wilfles her intimate acquaintances more outrageously than anybody else, so the Superior Creature makes it a point to believe all evil of his own side—and to say nothing but good of the other, and he calls that impartiality. The one person who is most certain of injustice at his hands is his next friend. The party against which he directs all his attacks, in time of political warfare, is the party with which he professes to be beaming. He is not a dangerous adversary, but he is an exasperating ally. If we were going into battle along side of this person, we think we should feel safer if we killed him before the fighting began. A charge upon the enemy he is worth things; but like the mule he is formidable behind.

THE UNION BATTLES ROLL

SECRETARY OF WAR RISES TO EXPLAIN.

A week or so ago the regular press dispatches from Washington briefly announced that the Secretary of War had issued a general order that the list of battles accompanying the history of the regiments should be omitted from the *Army Register*, the same time the special correspondents in the most intimate confidence of members of the Administration, telegraphed to their papers exultingly that the order was a vindication of the demand of Senator Sumner that the names of battles of the rebellion be expunged from the *Army Register* and from the flags of the National regiments. We denounced the order instantly and in the most emphatic manner, and almost alone among the newspapers of this part of the country, we protested with indignation against any tampering with the sacred and glorious record of the heroism that preserved the Republic from destruction. Our protest found echo, however, in loyal hearts all over the country, and the Secretary found himself called to account by the patriotic citizens of his own State, stalwart, gallant Iowa. In fact, he has found it necessary "to explain," in a letter in reply to a surprised inquiry from Hon. J. F. Wilson, of Iowa, giving his letter for publication to assure the public that he does not intend to carry out what his order as published implied. We are quite willing to give the Secretary's explanation, but must continue to think, as the *Tribune* remarked the other day, that it "looks very much like an afterthought." The Secretary undoubtedly knew the force in which his order was reported by the regular press despatches, and he could hardly have failed to know the gushing manner in which the "special" friends of the Administration heralded it in print as a vindication of Sumner's proposition. Then again, it does not appear very sensible that the list should be ordered omitted from the *Register* now in press because the matter was being prepared in different form for subsequent issues. The ordinary course would be to let the matter stand in this issue as it has stood ever since the war, and to make the change when the new arrangement is ready for substitution in place of the old. However, the Secretary is evidently impressed with the fact that tampering with the Union battle records will not prove a popular transaction, and we commend to those gushing organs which so eagerly praised the "order," the Secretary's declaration in the closing sentence of the following reply to Mr. Wilson:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, November 30.

To the Hon. James F. Wilson, Fairfield, Iowa:

MY DEAR SIR: I have your favor of the 26th instant, in which you say that the recent order of the department relative to the omission of the names of battles from the army register, as it is now understood, and as the newspapers are treating it, is doing me injustice."

You very properly ask me to explain to you the reason for the order, and I cheerfully comply with your request, appreciating fully the friendly spirit in which it is made. For several years efforts have been in progress for a revision of the Army Register in this respect, with a view to perfectly uniform treatment of all regiments. This work of revision is not yet finished. I have given orders to complete it as soon as practicable, so that an edition of the Register containing correct lists of battles may be issued at an early day. In the opinion of the General of the Army, in which I concur, it was not practicable to complete this work in time for the edition of the Register now in press, and, consequently, upon his recommendation, the order for the publication of these lists was temporarily suspended—not revoked.

The necessity for this revision grew out of the fact that the lists of battles, as heretofore published, were not prepared upon any uniform plan. The Register should contain, under each regiment, a list of battles in which the regiment has been engaged, but the difficulty has been to determine what engagements are to be regarded as battles within the meaning of the order. Great diversity of opinion has existed upon this point, and also upon the question whether a battle in which only a part of the regiment was engaged—for instance, only one or two companies—should be included. It is not very important how these questions are decided, but it is of great importance, in order to prevent injustice, that the same rule should be applied to all regiments. This was not done in preparing the lists as heretofore published, and hence the necessity for a careful revision.

These lists were furnished by commanders of regiments, each acting upon his own judgment as to what was proper. Some, instead of confining themselves to battles, included skirmishes, campaigns, and scouts. Others forwarded for insertion only battles—in the sense of engagements of importance—some included only battles in which the entire regiment had been engaged, while others reported all battles and skirmishes in which any portion of the regiment had taken part.

Very numerous requests for amendments have been received since the lists were first published, and many complaints have naturally resulted from the want of a consistent rule to apply in all cases. Under these circumstances, on the recommendation of the General of the Army, the order suspending the publications of the lists of battles, was issued for the purpose of awaiting the establishment, through a board of officers or otherwise, of a proper rule or standard as the guide hereafter. I need hardly say to you that I was surprised that any one should charge that the order was issued with a view to obliterate any part of the glorious record made by the Army in the war for the suppression of the rebellion and the preservation of the Union.

Very truly yours,
GEORGE W. MCCRARY.

A reading of this explanation cannot fail to suggest an inquiry as to why the purpose of the order was not so stated when it was issued; and the "afterthought" suspicion is certainly strengthened by the fact that while in the opening sentences of his letter the Secretary speaks of the "work of revision" as "not yet finished," and says Gen. Sherman believed it not "practicable to complete the work" in time for the present edition, he subsequently says the publication of the lists was suspended "for the purpose of awaiting the establishment, through a board of officers or otherwise, of a proper rule or standard" as the guide hereafter. The two versions—a work nearly finished, and a work to be begun at some time in some way in the future—do not altogether harmonize.

Special Notices.

M. M. R. A. C.

STATED CONVOCATION M. M. R. A. C. THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 6th, 1877, at 7.30 o'clock.

Per order.

A full attendance is requested.

ENTERTAINMENT
—AND—
OYSTER SUPPER,
At the Essex Street Church
Tuesday Evening, December 11.

Oysters and other refreshments will be served from 5 to 7 o'clock, after which, the Entertainment commencing promptly at 7 o'clock, consisting of vocal music by the best local talent, Messrs Curtis, Haynes and Farrington, Miss Osgood, Mr Lawrence and Mrs Bragg.

Instrumental Music by Miss Cutler and Miss Rose.

Recitation by Miss S. E. Laughton

"Passing of Sorrow," by members of the society.

At its close Cake, Coffee Ice Cream, &c, will be served.

Admission 25 cents. dec6

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Messrs. Schumacher Brothers announce their Second EXHIBITION of PAINTINGS at the Art Rooms, Main St., to open MONDAY, Dec. 10th.

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dec6 SAMUEL S. SMITH & SON.

MUM SOCIABLE.

The Women's Temperance Crusade will hold a sociable at City Hall, THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 6th

Music by Rev H W Holton and family, and others.

Single tickets 15 cents. Two for 25 cents.

dec6 en

INK! INK!

The CELEBRATED IMPERIAL Writing Fluid and Copying Ink. Flows freely, copies perfectly. Warranted not to corrode or mold.

Manufactured solely for the Northwestern Chemical Manufacturing Co., Chicago. For sale by

M. H. ANDREWS,
8 Kenduskeag Bridge

UNITY CLUB BAZAR

December 6th, 7th and 8th,

AT UNITY HALL.

The Bazar will be open Thursday, Friday and Saturday, from 2 to 10 o'clock, P. M. the different departments consisting of the following:

Evergreen, Fern and Flower Tables.

Cloak Table, for the sale of home-made and other cloaks.

Cook Book, arranged especially and containing the best approved receipts of many of the best housekeepers of the city.

Post Office and Art Gallery.

Fancy Goods Tables for the sale of useful and ornamental articles suitable for the Holidays.

A Table for the children.

A restaurant will be open in the Art Rooms on Thursday and Friday, from 6 to 10 P. M.

Price of admission, 10 cents

dec3

MATHEMATICS!

Pupils taken in Mathematics

—BY—

C. D. JAMESON,

dec3 3m 4W Penobscot Exchange.

TO THE TROPICS.

Excursion to Havana & Vera Cruz.

First class, out and return, $120 gold. Full particulars of

W. E. BROWN,
21 Main Street, Bangor.

Agent for Steamships to all parts of the World.

dec4 3t

MUSIC HALL.

SOCIAL ASSEMBLY on THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 6th.

Music, An Israel Orchestra dec4

SECOND MATINEE.

SECOND MATINEE in MUSIC HALL, THURSDAY, Dec 6th, at 4 P. M.

dec3 M. H. ANDREWS.

AT W. B. BRIDGES'

YOU CAN FIND

The best Line of Worsted Jackets for Ladies' and Children's wear, all styles and sizes Cheap.

A very nice Line Scarfs and Nubias, and the Nubia Mantle. Call in and see them.

We have a very nice line of goods of all kinds, and we are selling them as low as the lowest, and cannot be got elsewhere cheaper,

AT

W. B. BRIDGES',

18 West Market Square.

Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. sn 2w

CITY OF BANGOR SIX PER CENT. BONDS FOR SALE BY BOWLER AND MERRILL, BANKERS, No. 7 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK.

oct17 sn

BONDHOLDER'S MEETING.

Holders of the Land Grant Bonds of the Kansas and North American Railway Company are hereby requested to meet at the Treasurer's Room, No. 3 Depot Block, Exchange Street, Bangor, Maine, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of December, 1877, at half past two of the clock in the afternoon, to hear the first annual report of their Trustees, and to consider and act upon such matters which may properly come before the meeting.

WILLIAM B. HAYFORD,
Trustees E. & N. A. R. R. Co.

Trustees' Office, Bangor, Dec. 3, 1877.

MUSIC HALL.

The Second Term for Instruction in Dancing will commence on Friday, Dec. 7th. Juveniles at 3 P. M. Ladies at 7½ P. M. Gents at 8 P. M.

As this will be the only Class for beginners during the winter, all wishing to learn should avail themselves of this opportunity.

Private lessons daily. Hall open from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M

M. H. ANDREWS, Proprietor
J. A. COOPER, Assistant.

CITY OF BANGOR BONDS

FOR SALE AT

EASTERN BANK

BY

EDWIN CLARK.

Bangor, Oct. 17, 1877. sn oct18

MARINE INSURANCE.

On HULLS, CARGOES and FREIGHTS, in the best Companies and at LOWEST RATES.

PIERRE McCONVILLE,

nov27 20 Exchange St.

TRIMMING VELVETS

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The LARGEST STOCK in the city.

Retailing from ONE DOLLAR to eight dollars a yard.

I. W. COOMBS.

nov27 sn

Penobscot Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Notice is hereby given to the members of the Penobscot Mutual Fire Insurance Company, that an annual meeting of the Directors of said Company, to hear their reports, will be held at their office in Bangor on the twenty-fourth day of November, 1877, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where the Premium Notes held by said Company, then legally liable to be assessed, are required to be produced, in accordance with the laws of this State, and the Act of incorporation of said Company, which provide as follows, viz:

On the Premium Notes in force date prior to and including Sept. 12th, 1874, 35 2-10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Sept. 12th, 1874, and including Nov. 12th, 1874, 32 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Nov. 12th, 1874, and including Feb. 12th, 1875, 30 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Feb. 12th, 1875, and including May 12th, 1875, 27 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after May 12th, 1875, and including June 30th, 1875, 25 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after June 30th, 1875, and including July 26th, 1875, 22 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after July 26th, 1875, and including Aug. 23d, 1875, 20 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Aug. 23d, 1875, and including Oct. 25th, 1875, 17 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Oct. 25th, 1875, and including Nov. 23d, 1875, 15 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Nov. 23d, 1875, and including Jan. 18th, 1876, 12 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Jan. 18th, 1876, and including Feb. 15th, 1876, 10 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Feb. 15th, 1876, and including March 16th, 1876, 8 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after March 16th, 1876, and including May 16th, 1876, 6 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after May 16th, 1876, and including June 20th, 1876, 4 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after June 20th, 1876, and including July 25th, 1876, 2 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after July 25th, 1876, and including Aug. 20th, 1876, 1 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Aug. 20th, 1876, and including Sept. 25th, 1876, 70 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Sept. 25th, 1876, and including Oct. 25th, 1876, 55 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Oct. 25th, 1876, and including Nov. 24th, 1876, 40 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Nov. 24th, 1876, and including Feb. 14th, 1877, 12 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Feb. 14th, 1877, and including March 6th, 1877, 9 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after March 6th, 1877, and including April 13th, 1877, 7 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after April 13th, 1877, and including May 29th, 1877, 5 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after May 29th, 1877, and including June 30th, 1877, 4 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after June 30th, 1877, and including July 14th, 1877, 4 10 per cent.

On premium notes dated after July 14th, 1877, and including Aug. 14th, 1877, 3 per cent.

On premium notes dated after Aug. 24th, 1877, and including Sept. 7th, 1877, 2 per cent.

With the vote of the Directors to be notified to the assessors or before the twenty-fourth day of December next.

Per order. CHARLES P. WIGGIN, Treasurer.

Bangor, Nov. 2, 1877. sn4w

CARD.

U. S. Centennial, World's Exhibition, Philadelphia, 1876. MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS have not only been awarded the Medal and Diploma of Honor, but have been unanimously adjudged by the jurors "The first rank in the class of reed instruments," being the only Organs assigned this rank. A good selection of our Organs may be seen by calling at the salesroom of Messrs. BROWN & SAWYER, Main St., our only authorized agents for Bangor.

may 3 MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

GENTLEMEN

In want of a nice

OVERCOAT OR UNDER GARMENTS

of super or quality very cheap, will do well by calling on

J. E. CHAPMAN & CO.

nov17 3m

Insurance.

Call on PEARL & WEBB, No 22, West Market Square

apr26 sn

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company,

Paid claims last year amounting to

$2,601,246.35,

and the total amount paid to widows and orphans since the organization, over 32 years ago, is

$25,624,473.15.

Any one contemplating insurance in most approved form, is invited to examine the plans of this Company, before insuring.

H. S. FAIRBANKS, Gen'l Agt.
11 Middle St., Bangor, Me

nov15 3m

DR. LEMONT

has removed to

No. 7 Adams St., near York St.

nov27 1f (Cor. cop.)

VOICE BUILDING AND ELOCUTION.

MISS S. E. LAUGHTON,

Graduate of the "National School of Elocution and Oratory," Philadelphia,

will receive pupils in Voice Building and Elocution, at Bowdler Block, 125 Hammond Street, where arrangements may be made for lessons, either private or in classes.

oct3 eod

We have just received the greatest improvement in CLOTHES WRINGERS,

The "New Climax."

W. P. DICKEY & CO.,

HARDWARE DEALERS.

June8

BANGOR CITY BONDS

AND OTHER

GOOD SECURITIES

FOR SALE BY

W. J. WEBB,

No. 22, West Market Sq.

nov13

TAXES FOR 1877.

Collector's Notice.

The Assessors of the City of Bangor have committed to me the Tax Bills for the year 1877, under date of October 10th, 1877, and by a vote of the City Council, I am authorized to make an

ABATEMENT OF TEN PER CENT.

on all taxes paid within THIRTY DAYS after said commitment, and FIVE PER CENT. on all taxes paid after the expiration of thirty days and within SIXTY DAYS after said commitment, and no abatement will be made by the Collector on Taxes not so paid.

JOHN L. CROSBY, Collector.

Bangor, October 11th, 1877. sn 3m

WANTED.

$2,000 on real estate. Inquire of

dec4 an 1w H. J. PREBLE.

D. W. MAXFIELD,

DENTIST.

Office No. 21-2 Strickland's Block,

Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Maine.

Ether administered when desired, and all work warranted.

sn 1f oct11

BLACK SILKS

Retailing at Wholesale Prices,

—BY—

I. W. COOMBS.

nov27 sn

NEW STOCK RECEIVED.

PIANOS,

Square and Upright.

PIANO COVERS, Elegant New Designs
PIANO STOOLS, VIOLINS, ACCORDIONS, HARMONICAS, FLUTES, &c.

New Music every day.—A great variety.

Prices always the lowest in the city

Send for Catalogues and Prices.

F. S. DAVENPORT,

Main Street, under the Globe Hotel

oct23 sn

AT JOHNSON'S

is the best place to have your Old Clothing made to look as well as new

At 75 Pickering Square.

oct30 sn 4f

LADIES' FURS

Made and Repaired,

in the LATEST and most approved styles. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fur Gloves dye, Mitten made and repaired. Sleigh Robes of all kinds put together at short notice. All work done at reasonable prices.

MISS ELIZABETH WYER'S,

49 GROVE ST.

oct22 sn

Miss LAURA M. COOKE,

Teacher of Vocal Music,

Cultivation of the Voice, English Grammar and Reading. Also

THE GUITAR.

Refers to Oliver Ditson, White Smith & Co., Mrs J. E. Lord, W. D. Hayden, and others, as to her qualifications for teaching.

Terms for lessons can be made at

L. Lewis Street.

dec4

MANHATTAN

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK CITY,

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON, Agents,

15 Exchange Street

Policies written at the lowest rates.

oct29 sn

PREPARE for the WINTER.

Now is the time to bring in your OVERCOATS and have them made to look as well as new.

AT REEDS,

nov17 4m end 43 Central street.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Official Announcement.

The state of Maine having been added to my former territory which consists of the Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, the undersigned of this district will now be established at

No. 126 Main St., Cor. of Union,

where I shall be pleased to see my friends and the travelling public generally.

Tickets by our line and general information can be obtained of all the principal ticket agents in Maine and the Provinces. The local agents of the City of Bangor will be as formerly.

P. M. BLANEY, No 9 Central St.
A. W. BENSON, Maine Central Depot.

FRED H. SMALL, Pass. Agent

for Maine and Lower Provinces

oct25

FRENCH.

PROF. CHAS. FLAMANT, Wheeler's Block, Cafe's Room 10. Office hours, 4 to 5 P. M.

oct22

Assessors' Notice.

The Assessors will be in session every Saturday until further notice to attend to any business that may come before them.

NEWELL BLAKE,
S. S. HATCH,
GEO. W. SNOW,
Assessors.

Bangor, Nov. 22, 1877 sn

MARRIED.

In this city, Dec. 5th, by Rev. G. W. Field, Mr Franklin Stetson and Miss Annie H. Nichols.

In Argyle, Dec 4th, by Rev. H. W. Tibbals, Mr. Lewis F. Carlton and Miss Anna S. Clough, both of West Gardiner.

DIED.

In this city, Dec 4th, Mrs Mary Jane Clark, wife of John T. Clark, aged 39 years.

Funeral today, Dec. 6th, at two o'clock.

In Eddington, Dec 5th, Samuel W. McNeal, aged 72 years and 2 months.

Funeral service Friday, at 2 o'clock P. M. at the residence.

In Etna, Nov 25th, Capt. Luther W. Glidden, aged 75 years.

Freedom Notice.

I hereby release to my minor son, Manley L. Clark, the remainder of his minority to trade and act for himself. I shall claim none of his earnings nor pay any debts he may contract after this date.

ALMOND CLARK

Brewer, Dec. 3, 1877.

Freedom Notice.

For a valuable consideration I hereby give my son, Albert O. Hale, his time. Shall claim none of his wages, nor pay any debts of his contracting from this date.

ALBERT HALE

Witness—J. F. TWITCHELL.
O. HALE.

Medway, Dec. 3, 1877.

Notice.

Petitions of the undersigned and others will be presented to the next Legislature for the separation of the Gold Stream in Enfield, from the operation of the statutes requiring the owners to provide fishways.

JOHN TREAT
EDWARD H. TREAT.

Enfield, Dec 3, A. D. 1877. 6Thdw

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the next Legislature of 1878 for its action to organize the Village of Newport including the territorial limits of School District No. 2, into a Village Corporation with the rights and privileges and subject to the liabilities of the general laws.

CHARLES SAWYER.

Newport, Nov. 30, 1877. 6Thdw

SCARBORO CLAMS.

Providence River Oysters.

Norfolk Oysters.

Fairhaven Oysters.

I have not generally kept the Plants, but will have a lot next Friday and Saturday, and every day through the season, and to introduce them I shall sell them at 40 cents per quart and the Norfolks at 35 cents. I wish to have it understood that I do not intend to sell you Oysters at cost, but I don't mean to be out in price for the same quality of Oysters. I am receiving every day the celebrated SCARBORO CLAMS, in the shell and out of the shell. They are splendid. Please try my Oysters and Clams.

Also, as usual, I keep on hand all the time Fresh Halibut and Cod, No 1 and extra Mackerel, Tongues and Sounds, Halibut Heads, Napes and Fins, Herring, &c. Also Smoked Salmon and Halibut. Also a very nice article of Boneless Cod, put up in 2 pound boxes for family use. In fact, the public in general know that I have always kept a first class Fish Market and Bangor should be proud of such a Market, but without the patronage of the people it cannot stand.

Very thankful for past favors.

ALFRED JONES,

dec4 1f No. 5 Pickering Square.

(Com. copy.)

MASTS & SPARS.

PINE MASTS, from 25 inches down.
SPRUCE SPARS from 18 inches down.

Any reasonable length delivered in 10 days at Bangor.

D. W. GARLAND.

Bangor, Dec. 3, 1877. 1f

FURS. FURS.

Largest and Best Stock in the City.

I make all my goods when I can do so cheaper than cash can buy them of some [illegible] many goods can be made by them at low price that they can be made for [illegible] will convince any one in five minutes, if they will compare my goods with [illegible] that I will sell them cheapest. We have a very elegant line of

FUR TRIMMINGS,

and cut them to order in any width.

SLEIGH ROBES. I can show you the largest and finest Stock (Wolf, Bear and Buffalo ever shown here.

I employ the most competent workmen in the city and [illegible]

Seal Sacques, and Circulars, Muffs and Boas, Gloves, Mittens, &c

BUFFALO AND COON COATS FOR SALE OR TO LET

With superior facilities for doing this business I hope to have a call to [illegible] satisfaction. All our goods warranted to be as represented or money refunded. Highest price paid for Raw Fur.

FRANK P. WOOD,

dec6 2 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK.

OUR ANNUAL CLOSING OUT SALE.

As I am bound not to carry over any stock from one season to another, I shall day marked down my entire Fall and Winter Stock to insure its immediate sale. Have reduced

Men's all wool Beaver Overcoats from [illegible]
Men's fine English Beaver Overcoats from [illegible]
Men's fine Chinchilla Overcoats, from [illegible]
Men's all wool Petersham Overcoats from [illegible]

Boys' and Men's Cloth, Reefing Jackets, Sackings, Men's Cloth Pants, [illegible]

will be sold at actual manufacturing cost, [illegible]

Come and see for yourselves that I am offering the best goods for the money ever offered in this city.

BOSS CLOTHING HOUSE OF J. WATERMAN,

77 Exchange Street, Bangor.

SIGN OF THE DRESSED MAN.

NO BUSINESS

[illegible]

THE FUR BUSINESS.

[illegible] Black Cat is sold for Lynx, Grey Cat for Silver Fox, Beaver for Otter, for Seal, Grey Cons for Chinchilla, Muskrat for Mink, Mink for Sable.

[illegible] AN EXPERIENCED AND PRACTICAL FURRIER, who knows all about Fur, who manufactures [illegible] made of and what to be selling.

M. MEHESY

is a Practical Furrier, and all in want of [illegible] before purchasing elsewhere.

M. MEHESY keeps first class goods which he [illegible]

LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES,

and [illegible] guarantees. New styles [illegible] A order filled within 24 hours.

NO. 50 MAIN STREET.

dec6 1w

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS,

—AT THE—

JORDAN and MARSH

STORE

A LOT OF NEW GARMENTS JUST RECEIVED.

We will sell you a CLOAK cheaper than any house in Bangor.

Opening THIS DAY 100 New and Elegant SHAWLS, [illegible] prices from $1.25 to $12.50. We can give you [illegible]

One case Knickerbocker goods at 10 cents.

One case 11-4 Blankets at $1.50. These are the goods which [illegible] extensively in Boston by Jordan & Marsh and sold [illegible] a bargain.

One more case of Quilts at 62½ cents.

25 dozen Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs, at 50 cents, [illegible] ing for 87½ cents.

50 dozen Ladies' Silk Handkerchiefs, beautiful goods [illegible]

50 dozen Gents Hose, good goods, at 25 cents.

A large lot of Matlasse Dress Goods cheaper than ever.

We close out a lot of Repellants, fashionable goods, [illegible] $1.25 per yard; shall now sell them at 75 cents.

3 cases New and Beautiful Prints, at a reduced price.

15 bales more of that Sateen Cotton

One case Remnants Cotton Flannels very cheap.

This is the place to buy your Dry Goods Cheap.

E. C. Nichols & Co.,

No. 9,

Whig and Courier.

THURSDAY, DEC 6, 1877.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM DAMARISCOTTA

Barn Burned by Tramps.

DAMARISCOTTA Nov 5 A barn in this town owned by Joshua Brenner of Damariscotta was burned last night with its contents including ten tons of hay Loss not $300 Tramps are supposed to have fired the fire

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FORTY FIFTH CONGRESS, Regular Session

Senate

WASHINGTON Dec 5

The Senate was not in session having adjourned to Thursday

House

Discussion whether the bill should be referred to internal improvements instead of Commerce Committee on Railways and Canals

Mr Hale of Me from the committee on Internal Improvements reported a bill to repeal the sixth section of the act of March 3 1875 providing hereafter for the Commissioner of Patents to remove or cause to be removed any person found guilty of fraud Adjourned

MASSACHUSETTS

Wreck of the Quintero

BOSTON Dec 5 A bell buoy was found floating in the harbor this morning from the Quintero for Boston for Liverpool with a cargo of cotton St Louis May 1 with the loss of all the crew were saved by the steamer Cambria with the loss of cargo and freight estimated at $80 000 Insured in Boston

NEW YORK CITY

The City of Berlin Overdue

No alarm is felt for the safety of the steamer City of Berlin which left Liverpool for New York on Nov 21 and has not arrived

MORE INDIAN TROUBLES.

Wild Reports Flying

TROOPS ORDERED TO DEADWOOD

BISMARCK Dec 5 Orders were received this day at Fort Lincoln for the seventh Cavalry to move to Deadwood Forty miles from Fort Lincoln the battalion only mounted troops followed by 12 wagons and ambulances The troops are in good condition to move and will be worse off on the road than the Indians A courier has reached Standing Rock Agency from Fort Rice with the information that the infantry there to the number of one hundred and forty men are ordered to Deadwood Dispatches from Forts Snelling and Shaw are expected to arrive by the stage tomorrow Indications are that there will be a general Indian war Reports are flying in every direction from Bismarck to Deadwood and the Indians are reported very numerous and bloody Indians have been seen within twenty miles of Deadwood On report that Deadwood is completely invested a heavy wagon train with the Custer relic captured and Blanchard & Bonnet have been expecting a party of about one hundred and twenty wounded Chiefs Sitting Bull and Crazy Horse will be hard pushed for troops from Fort Lincoln Lieutenant Colonel Reno Seventh Cavalry has orders not to be absent from the Fort Lincoln Depot The Deadwood stage which arrived yesterday with reports of eight wagons with provisions captured by the Sioux near Spring Spring four horses killed at Lake River on the Indian Stronghold at Cow Creek north of the Black Hills Reports of the Indians being in force in the Black Hills are exaggerated and that there will be no serious encounter

THE WEATHER

WAR DEPT OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON D C Dec 5 — A M

Indications

For New England and the Middle and South Atlantic States Falling barometer brisk and fresh southerly to northerly winds stationary temperature followed by colder cloudy weather and probably Cautionary signals continue on the Lakes and from Hatteras to Key Westward

CONDENSED DESPATCHES

The committee of inquiry into the loss of the Huron met yesterday but transacted no business

Fire destroyed a barn blacksmith shop and wagon shop at Newton Mass yesterday Loss $3 000 uninsured

Edward A Morrice a retired New York merchant blew his brains out in his office in Pine street Tuesday

Sixty eight families of the New York cigar makers were ejected from their tenements Tuesday and provided with other houses by the strikers committee

The Cabinet has decided that the steamer Estrella at Bristol cannot be detained as less a formal complaint supported by affidavits be made against her

Morrison knocked down and robbed Wm Kinnel Tuesday afternoon on the New York Bowery

The Morning Courier of Newark N J said to be owned by ex Secretary Robeson died Wednesday

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE POPE

His Condition Wednesday

ROME Dec 5 The Pope is suffering from pains in the loins, nevertheless he gave audiences to-day to several Cardinals

The End Approaching

LONDON Dec The Times special from Rome states that the hands and arms of the Pope are swelling and his respiration is laborious His mind however continues clear The common opinion here is that his end is rapidly approaching

THE RIO GRANDE

Troops Ordered Forward

CHICAGO Dec 5 The Fourth Cavalry from Indian Territory, and the 20th Infantry from Dakota are ordered to the Rio Grande The troops will be recruited to the full regimental strength

FRANCE.

The Budget Contest

PARIS, Dec 5 It is reported to day in parliamentary circles that the government contemplates proroguing the Deputies and forming a dissolution of the Ministry should the Chamber not vote the Budget to-morrow.

THE EASTERN WAR

Reported Turkish Success

ADRIANOPLE Dec 5 A report has reached here that the Turks captured Elena with 5,000 prisoners

SHUMLA, Dec 5 In the engagement yesterday at Ahmedli on the Tirnova road the Turks are reported to be successful. Fighting is still progressing

TERA, Dec. 5 Suleiman Pasha has captured Elena and six cannon He hopes to capture Tirnova shortly

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec 5 The Turks claim to have captured 5,000 prisoners and an immense quantity of military stores at Elena The battle on the Tirnova road is still proceeding The result is undecided

MR. PATTERSON'S CASE.

JUDGE HUMPHREYS' DECISION.

HE REVOKES THE WARRANT OF EXTRADITION

The Privilege of the Senate Superior to State Authority.

Patterson Discharged from Arrest

Important Decision of Judge Humphreys

WASHINGTON Dec 5 Judge Humphreys this morning delivered an opinion in the matter of John J Patterson relative to the habeas corpus to be released from warrant of arrest on the requisition of the Governor of South Carolina The Judge opinion was that the State of South Carolina to vacate Senator Patterson's commission which remains constitutionally until constitutionally revoked, in pursuance of organic authority It could not be said that Senator Patterson was a fugitive from justice as he was here in the discharge of his official duties like all other members of Congress and he did not be indicted in the capacity of a Senator years before the present indictment was brought against him in the South Carolina Court

The Judge concluded his opinion as follows I think I am bound to take judicial cognizance that party organization lies at the ground of national destroy its and the application of the civil forms of law to the offence and trial of the offender would be a mockery of justice I cannot reconcile it to my sense of duty to give him in placing in my hands a warrant of arrest and imprisonment upon the ground of the purpose of surrendering him to the hands of the people who may be disposed to execute vengeance upon the prisoner, if the individual or those who might be called by him should appeal to reason and conviction of mind that they could not resist Zeal for the protection of wrong is called to the conviction of the Judge at the duty of the moment It is the duty of the courts to stand liberate and the civil power to protect the people and all the directions may surround and control any vagrant action I therefore order the release only of which he is the subject of this body is legally constituted by the Constitution of the United States and cannot be disposed of the question involved in the order of the Governor of the State

I direct a release from the arrest of the warrant for his arrest and discharge is hereby ordered

Mr Patterson was congratulated by his friends and will leave for the court room

LOCAL MATTERS.

[illegible]

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Monetary Quotations

NEW YORK Dec 5 Money at 6 per cent STERLING EXCHANGE closed at 4 81@4 86 GOLD closed at 10¾

Government Securities closed at the following quotations

U S 6s, due 81 (coup Jan 1 & July 1) [illegible]

U S 6s (coup Jan 1 & July 1) [illegible]

U S 5s (coup Jan 1 & July 1) [illegible]

10-40s 5per cents (coup Mar 1 & Sept 1) [illegible]

currency 6s [illegible]

4s [illegible]

Above notations include the accrued interest

New York Produce Market

NEW YORK Dec 5 FLOUR is fairly active [illegible] WHEAT is higher [illegible] bushels CORN is firmer [illegible] bushels Mixed Western and state [illegible] PORK [illegible] LARD [illegible] BUTTER [illegible] RICE [illegible] SUGAR [illegible] COFFEE [illegible] TALLOW [illegible]

Chicago Produce Market

CHICAGO Dec 5 Flour [illegible] Wheat higher No 2 [illegible] CORN No 2 [illegible] OATS No 2 [illegible] RYE [illegible] BARLEY [illegible] Pork [illegible]

CUSTOM HOUSE APPOINTMENT Hon Joseph T Woodward, formerly of Augusta, has been appointed by the Collector of Portland Inspector, and located at Coaticook Province of Quebec, Dominion of Canada His duty is to attend to the inspection and sealing of cars that pass from the Canada Grand Trunk to Portland thus obviating the necessity of employing a force of inspectors at Portland

THE NORMAL SCHOOL The prospects are favorable for a well attended term at the Castine Normal School this winter, the entering class thus far being above the average The winter term offers too many extra advantages of smaller classes and more attention from teachers than is possible at other terms when classes are crowded

The diphtheria scare is over and it will not probably extend further Not a pupil connected with the school has died in ten years and no diseases have prevailed

ORDINATION Ordination services of Rev W S Woodbridge will be held in Orono this evening at seven o clock The following is the order of exercises Invocation Voluntary Scripture Lesson Prayer Hymn Sermon Rev Prof G H Leonard Ordination Hymn Prayer of Consecration Rev I M Atwood Charge to Pastor Rev W F Gibbs Hymn Right Hand of Fellowship Rev J W Prell Charge to People Rev A Battles Doxology Benediction Rev W S Woodbridge

ACCIDENTS Yesterday The village of South Orrington was to be all lighted Hinckley Work Hours five days of the 1 000 people of Orono it has been prepared for the [illegible] Mr Smith has been [illegible] Mr Jacobs [illegible] Mr Hall [illegible] Mr Jacobs [illegible] Mr Hall [illegible]

THE BAZAR [illegible]

[illegible]

Dr Babcock Dentist cures [illegible] teeth

OUT THIS OUT—IT MAY SAVE YOUR LIFE There is no person living out what suffers more or less with Lung Disease Coughs, Colds or Consumption, yet some would die rather than pay 75 cents for a bottle of medicine but would care if they knew Dr A Boschee's German Syrup has lately been introduced in this country from Germany and its wonderous cures astonish everyone that try it If you doubt what we say in print cut this out and take it to your druggist and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it Get a regular size bottle for 75 cents For sale by all druggists

CLARKE'S TOOTH ACHE DROPS cure in stantly

DR SHILOH'S SYSTEM VITALIZER We are authorized to guarantee this remedy for the cure of Dyspepsia Liver Stomach and Constipation Loss of Appetite Coming up of Food Yellow Skin Nervous General Languor and Debility You can ask and judge that we would be [illegible] unless we had positive evidence that it [illegible] Do you who are suffering from these complaints these words are addressed—and will you continue to suffer when you can be relieved with trifling expense for a regular size 75 cents Sold by H H Butler in N S Harlow Bangor Me

HACKMATACK a popular [illegible] Sold by druggists everywhere

Adams Balsam will not make [illegible] but will prove the discomfort disappointment to the whole business of the [illegible] facilitating recovery Get it at druggists

THE AMOUNT OF TESTIMONY in favor of Dr Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills ought to satisfy the most [illegible] Druggist has in his possession a [illegible] certificates of many prominent of the highest respectability who have [illegible] to health by the use of these medicines [illegible] by physicians of known skill and ability Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup [illegible] many testimonials [illegible] the circulars [illegible] promoted by the employment of two [illegible] Dr Schenck [illegible] provides for the purpose [illegible] Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup [illegible] cases of Consumption [illegible] Schenck's Mandrake Pills are a mild and [illegible] for [illegible] Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic [illegible] Dyspepsia [illegible] Dr Schenck [illegible] Dr Schenck [illegible] Dr Schenck

1878.

THE OLDEST AND BEST

FAMILY NEWSPAPERS

BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER

AND

BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER.

1878—Vols. XLV-VI.

Daily Established 1834 Weekly, 1815.

BOUTELLE & BURR, Proprietors

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

Having for fifty-fifth and fifty-sixth years of its existence established itself in the confidence of the entire land, News papers, the Proprietors commend it to the record of almost half a century as a faithful and consistent promise of the future, while they will continue to spare no effort in maintaining and improving its high character and

The Leading Journals of Eastern Maine,

And will, for the ensuing year, command, we hope, a still more extended circulation among the intelligent and enterprising people of Eastern Maine and the small space devoted to advertising is eagerly sought by the best class of patrons.

Full Reports of

Local, Domestic and Foreign News

Proceedings of Congress

Of State Legislature,

Financial and Commercial,

Home Produce Markets

Editorial Articles, Agricultural News

Manufacturing Intelligence,

Selected Stories,

Choice Poetry,

Entertaining Miscellany

And all the important and interesting features which keep us

First Class Family Newspaper.

Besides the papers will continue to advocate the long old Democratic principles of the Republican Party, we will continue to be independent enough to criticise the errors of our friends, and to speak in the interest of all public questions with firmness, maintaining what they believe to be right. They will avoid personal attacks, and make their appeals to the orders and good sense of an intelligent people. The year about to open will be fraught with many important political events, bearing upon the future of our country, which will be recorded in our columns, giving our readers the earliest and most reliable information on all points, for only a measure of success will be spent to secure the confidence and patronage of the people.

HOME INTERESTS,

as affected by the development of the resources of Maine will receive special attention, and we hope to render our paper welcome to all manner of readers.

AGRICULTURE AND MANUFACTURES

The State will be heartily encouraged. We rigidly exclude from our columns everything of an immoral tendency, all sensational matter, and seek to make a thoroughly reliable family newspaper.

A Welcome in Every Family Circle.

To secure this end our columns are open only to the best class of advertisements, and we invite the attention of any parties in this section desiring to reach the best classes of the people, to our columns.

The Only Morning Daily East of the Kennebec,

and our Daily is so arranged as to be a convenient form of communication with a large and constantly increasing number of readers throughout Central and Eastern Maine.

OUR WEEKLY

is also the largest and best Weekly Newspaper in the State. Every number accompanied by a twenty-four page supplement, making a paper of nearly eighty columns or one-half larger than any other Weekly. It is a standard publication which, largely and constantly increasing circulation among the most intelligent and thrifty of the population of Eastern Maine and the small space devoted to advertising is eagerly sought by the best class of patrons.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE FOR 1878.

TERMS—Invariably in Advance:

Daily—$3 per annum, $1 for 3 mos, $2 for 3 mos

Weekly—$2 per annum $1 for 6 mos 50c 3 mos.

The new postal law compelling prepayment of postage, imposes the burden on the publishers, but we make no advance upon our established subscription price, and will send the paper

POSTAGE FREE,

Making a saving of $1 50 per annum for each of our Daily and 24 cents per annum to each of our Weekly subscribers.

CLUBBING WITH MAGAZINES.

Subscribers will be furnished with either our Daily or Weekly paper and any of the favorite Periodicals or Magazines, at large reduced Club rates.

In offering these advantageous terms we hope to be sustained by a liberal patronage.

BOUTELLE & BURR,

Proprietors.

No. 1 H. Kimball's Building, Bangor, Maine.

THE BEAUTY IN THE WOOD

[illegible]

Bangor Post Office.

OFFICERS.

A. B. FARNHAM, ... Postmaster
E. A. CUMMINGS, . . . Ass't Postmaster
W. H. S. LAWRENCE, . . . Cashier

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7½ A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 8 to 9½ P. M. daily—Sundays excepted.
On Sundays, from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western	6 45	6 30
European Railway,	6 45	
Piscataquis Railroad,	6 30	
Cherryfield and Machias,		3 45
Ellsworth,	6 45	7 30
Belfast,	6 30	
Bucksport,	8 00	6 30
Dixmont,	6 45	
E. Corinth and Charleston,		2 30
Levant and Exeter,		1 30
Bradford,		1 30
Monroe,		2 30
Amherst and Aurora,	11 30	
Hermon,		2 30

MAILS ARRIVE

	A. M.	P. M.
Western	6 30	4 45
European Railway,		6 00
Piscataquis Railroad,		6 00
Ellsworth,	8 30	6 00
Cherryfield & Machias	8 30	
Belfast,		8 00
Bucksport,	7 30	3 15
Dixmont,		6 00
E. Corinth & Charleston,	11 00	
Levant and Exeter	11 00	
Bradford	10 30	
Monroe,	10 00	
Amherst & Aurora,	11 30	
Hermon	12 M.	

LETTER CARRIERS

All letters are delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and number. People should inform their correspondents of above and have their letters addressed accordingly.

Persons leaving their address at the Office Department can also have their letters sent, but it is much more convenient to have the street and number on and they will be delivered earlier than if the same is put on at the office. Carriers make two deliveries daily. The first trip is made by the carriers out of their routes.

Collections are made morning and evening, season for important mails—the down to mail boxes fifteen and the up town boxes thirty minutes before closing mails at the office.

Holidays the Carrier's Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 8½ to 9½ A. M. and from 5 to 6½ P. M. Sundays from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Any irregularities in the Carriers department should be reported to the office.

ENVELOPES

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and request to return a post, letter, upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, (samples of which may be seen at the Cashier's window) when ordered in lots of not less than 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer if undelivered within thirty days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office and State across the left end of the envelope on the face side will be complied with.

The public are earnestly recommended to procure stamped envelopes with printed return request, as the expense is less, and letters thus provided not delivered to the person addressed are returned to the writer free of charge.

First class envelopes of above furnished at 25 cents per thousand.

Stamps cut from Stamped Envelopes

cannot be used to prepay postage. The revised Statutes prohibit only a fine of fifty dollars. Stamped Envelopes spoiled in directing are redeemed at this office.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

FIRST CLASS

All letters must be Prepaid—Letters for the Mail in the United States, three cents the half ounce or fraction. Drop letters two cents each ounce or fraction.

SECOND CLASS

Newspapers

All regular newspapers of the prescribed class, at the office of publication at the rate of two cents per pound for each ounce or fraction. Weekly papers published oftener than once a week, less frequently than once a week, three cents. The same applies to periodicals.

County papers free, except to letter carrier offices. Papers emanating in this office, published in County, are subject to postage. Daily papers published in County, if delivered by carrier, one cent each, or prepaid by stamps.

Postage to Canada.—Same as in the States on letters and papers, prepayment compulsory. Merchandise limited to 8 oz. Postage 10 cents.

THIRD CLASS

TRANSIENT PRINTED MATTER AND BOOKS AND MERCHANDISE.

One cent for two ounces.

All announcements, circulars, catalogues, corrected proofs, bank bills, magazines, pamphlets, lithographed or engraved—music printed or in manuscript, occasional publications, patents, letters, postal cards, prospectuses.

One cent for each ounce.

Blank books, blank cards, book manuscripts, proofs and other flexible materials, photographs, photographic albums, engravings, printed cards, letter envelopes, letter paper, flexible patterns, merchandise, models, drawings, plain and ornamental paper, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots and scions, not to exceed 8 oz.

A package of matter of third class not to be sealed. Postmasters may open third class matter to ascertain its character, and may forward it at the rate chargeable on the matter, if it be found to be improperly classified.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

All letters remaining in the office are advertised on Monday of each week. If not claimed in two weeks thereafter, they are then forwarded to the Dead Letter Office.

MONEY ORDERS

Especial attention is called to the Money Order system as a safe and cheap method of transmitting small sums through the mails. Orders are issued for sums of not more than fifty dollars. Larger amounts can be transmitted to the same person at the same time by additional orders.

RATES

On orders not exceeding $15	10 cents
over $15 and not exceeding $30	15 cents
over $30 and not exceeding $40	20 cents
over $40 and not exceeding $60	25 cents

Money Orders can also be obtained on England, Ireland and Scotland, Wales, Switzerland and German States.

Never put Money in a Letter—Always Procure a Money Order.

If money is to be remitted, a Postal Money Order should be obtained. If upon points where there is no Money Order Office, then the letter should be registered. Money should never be enclosed in an ordinary letter.

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT

All valuable letters should be Registered. A Money Order is obtained. Under the present system of Registration, letters are transmitted with perfect safety.

Letters may be Registered by paying postage in full and a Registration fee in stamps, for:

On Inland States, 10 cents.
To all Britain and Ireland and all Countries lying North and West of and including the United States, 10 cents.

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Africa, west coast, Br. possessions,
Argentine Republic, Br. Mail,
Asiapinwall,
Australia, via Southampton,
Australia, via San Francisco,
Bahamas,
Belgium,
Bermuda,
Brazil, via England,
Canada,
Cape of Good Hope,
Ceylon,
Chili,
China, via Southampton,
Cuba,
Denmark,
France,
Germany,
Gibraltar,
Great Britain and Ireland,
Gibraltar, Br. mail via St. Thomas,
Heligoland,
Holland,
Italy,
Jamaica, direct mail,
Japan, via Europe,
Japan, via San Francisco,
Mexico, direct via sea,
Mexico, by land routes,
Nassau, New Providence,
Natal,
Netherlands,
New Brunswick,
Newfoundland,
New Granada, direct mail,
New Granada, except Aspinwall & Panama,
Nova Scotia,
Panama,
Peru,
Porto Rico,
Portugal,
Russia,
Spain,
Straits Settlements,
Sweden,
Switzerland,
Trinidad,
Turkey,
Turkey Island,
Venezuela,
West Indies, Br. Br. Mail, and all other foreign ports, will be found at Post Office.

Prepayment required.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Postage on book packets, including printed papers of all kinds, maps, plans, prints, engravings, drawings, photographs, lithographs, sheets of music, etc., and patterns or samples of merchandise, including seeds and grains, as follows:

Not over 2 ounces, 3 cents.
Over 2 ounces and not over 4 ounces, 4 cents.
Over 4 ounces and not over 6 ounces, 5 cents.
Newspapers, 2 cents each.

Notice of Foreclosure

Whereas Cyrus W. Cluff of Bangor, by his deed of mortgage dated April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co. recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, book 340, vol. 470, a certain parcel of land situated in Bangor and bounded as follows, viz: Commencing on the southerly side of State street at a point distant as measured on said street 96 feet from the corner formed by the southerly side of State street and the easterly side of Newbury street, thence southerly parallel with Newbury street 100 feet, thence easterly and parallel with State street 25 feet, thence northerly and parallel with Newbury street 100 feet to State street, and thence along State street to the point begun at, together with the buildings thereon standing. The conditions of said mortgage have been broken, I claim a foreclosure of same and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(8 gold.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By Jos. S. Wheelwright, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 9, 1877. d1w4w8 $4 00

Notice of Foreclosure

Whereas George W. Spratt, of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by his deed of Mortgage, dated April 1, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, book 343, No. 410, the following parcel of land situated in Bangor, and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a point on the northerly line of Oak street, at the northwesterly corner of land formerly owned by Alfred Luther, thence northerly on said Luther's line 100 feet, thence westerly parallel with said Oak street 25 feet, thence southerly parallel with said first-mentioned line 100 feet to said Oak street, thence easterly on said Oak street 25 feet to the place of beginning, being the same premises conveyed to said Spratt by deed of Joseph Treat, dated at Bangor, December 1, 1871, and recorded in said Penobscot Registry of Deeds, book 338, page 67, to the north end of a certain parcel of land situated in said Bangor, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a granite stone on the northerly line of Montgomery street and in the easterly line of No. 67, thence westerly on said Montgomery street 25 feet, thence northerly parallel with said easterly line 53 feet 8 inches to a granite stone, thence north 55° 10' west 36 feet 8 inches to a granite stone, thence southerly 131 feet 8 inches to the northerly line of Norfolk street to a granite stone in the northerly line of said Montgomery street, thence east 55° 10' east on said north line 25 feet to the first bound, containing 4 acres. The condition of said mortgage having been broken, I claim a foreclosure of same and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(8 gold.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By Jos. S. Wheelwright, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 28, 1877. d1w4w8 $4 00

Notice of Foreclosure

Whereas Daniel Milliken of Alton, County of Penobscot, State of Maine, conveyed by his deed of mortgage dated June 6, 1874, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, book 343, No. 440, a certain parcel of land situated in said Alton, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point in the middle of the Stream on the east side of said Alton, thence westerly on said Stream to the land of Ira Tarbox, thence southerly on said Tarbox's line 104 rods more or less, thence easterly to the middle of said Stream, thence northerly on said Stream to the point begun at, containing 100 acres more or less. The condition of said mortgage has been broken, I claim a foreclosure of same and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(8 gold.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By Jos. S. Wheelwright, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 28, 1877. d1w4w8 $4 00

Notice of Foreclosure

Whereas Lewis Colchell of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by his deed of mortgage dated April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, book 340, page 469, a certain parcel of land situated in said Bangor, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a granite stone on the northerly line of Montgomery street and in the easterly line of No. 67, thence westerly on said Montgomery street 25 feet, thence northerly parallel with said easterly line 53 feet 8 inches to a granite stone, thence north 55° 10' west 36 feet 8 inches to a granite stone, thence southerly 131 feet 8 inches to the northerly line of Norfolk street to a granite stone in the northerly line of said Montgomery street, thence east 55° 10' east on said north line 25 feet to the first bound, containing 4 acres. The condition of said mortgage having been broken, I claim a foreclosure of same and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(8 gold.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By Jos. S. Wheelwright, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 28, 1877. d1w4w8 $4 00

Notice of Foreclosure

Whereas Daniel Mason of Bangor, County of Penobscot